World History

Text	World History J. J. Spielvogel, 2003
Supplemental	Videos and DVDs: topic appropriate
Materials	Computer Lab
	Overhead projection materials
	General Reference materialsclassroom and media center
	Maps and primary source materials
	Purchased and teacher made power point presentations
Course	World History is a broad survey of the history of civilization from the
Description	Fall of Rome in 476 to modern day nation-states. The program
	emphasizes the contributions of the past to contemporary life and other
	societies' attempts to answer perplexing questions as civilizations grow
	and decline. This course offers balanced global coverage, with Africa, the
	Americas, Asia, Europe and Oceania all represented. This is a year long
	class for sophomore and is designed to prepare them for a continuing
	study of U.S. History in the Junior year.
Methods of	Testsone for each topic covered
Evaluation	Homework: may consist of one or more of the following:
	Chapter handouts
	Primary source readings
	Chapter readings
	 Section review questions
	 Chapter review questions
	Homework quizzes
	Vocabulary and geography quizzes
	Various projects, which emphasize art, literature, architecture, music and
	allow the student to use a variety of presentation modes.
	Semester Exam: required by school, tests all topics covered, counts 20%
	of semester grade.
Pace of	First Semester:
Instruction	Medieval World
Instruction	
	Civilizations in Asia, Africa and the Americas The Africa and the Americas
	• Transitions to Modern Times
	• The Tide of Revolution
	Second 9 Weeks:
	 Industrialization and its Impact
	 Civilization in Crisis
	 Moving Towards a Global Civilization

Course objectives

At the end of this course students should have developed:

- A basic understanding of the development of civilizations and the political, economic and social forces, which work to effect change.
- A basic understanding and an appreciation of man's cultural development in the fields of the arts, literature, music, religion and philosophy
- A basic awareness of geographic influences on the development of cultures.
- Skills necessary to engage in effective historical research in order to support written or stated views.
- Skills necessary to explore interpretations of history and change through the development of institutions.
- Skills necessary to evaluate the growth and decline of civilizations, changing concepts or right and wrong, heroism, relationships between religion and state and conflicts between social and economic classes.
- Skills designed to improve: reading habits, comprehension, critical thinking habits, historical research skills, listening and note taking, essay writing and study habits.
- Skills needed to interpret charts, maps, graphs and other media
- A basic understanding of the contributions of the institutions of the Feudal Age in the building of new structure of life that filled the void left by Rome
- To assess the role of the European, African, Asian and American nation-states in the continued development of modern society
- To analyze the roles played by the peoples of all the studied civilizations in the advancement of ideas in personal freedom, equality, human dignity and government by consent.
- To analyze the contributions of all the studied civilizations in the fields of art, literature, music, science, medicine, geography, mathematics, philosophy and other areas to modern civilization
- To analyze the role of the five major world religions: Hinduism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity and Islam, to the development of modern world cultures.